WORKFORCE OBSERVATIONS

FOR SOUTH CENTRAL WISCONSIN COUNTIES





State of Wisconsin

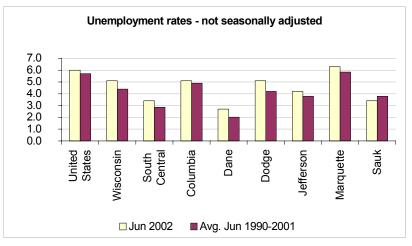
Department of Workforce Development

Note: Starting in September, advance copies of this publication will be available via email. Anyone wishing to receive an advance copy should email Dan.Barroilhet@dwd.state.wi.us.

They say the recession is over, but has the recovery begun?

In June, the U.S. unemployment rate rose half a percent, to 6.0%, Wisconsin's rate climbed six-tenths of a percent to 5.1%, the South Central region's rate edged up four tenths of a percent to 3.4% and Dane County (the Madison Metropolitan Statistical Area) also saw its rate increase half a percent to 2.7%.

Much. perhaps most, of the unemployment increase can be attributed to typical seasonal trends. June, schools and colleges released students who had not been in the labor force and workers whose jobs do not continue through the summer. Dane County, which has the largest concentration of school and college



workers and students, experienced the biggest unemployment rate increase in the region, despite growing numbers of jobs and employed residents. By July, many of these workers typically find jobs and the unem-

ployment rate edges downward until August or September. To some extent, the unusual dip in May's labor force might reflect people who were not working or seeking work until June, in which case some might expect below-trend labor force numbers in May to increase the likelihood of above-trend figures in June.

The region's manufacturing employment remains below 1999 levels. The June increase is unimpressive compared to the June gains of the booming mid-1990s. Manufacturing workers and employers hope that there is more recovery ahead of them than behind them. Nonetheless, the upward bounce in

manufacturing employment is welcome in Dodge County, where the manufacturing downturn hit particularly hard. It is the only county in the region that saw a smaller increase in June's unemployment usual.

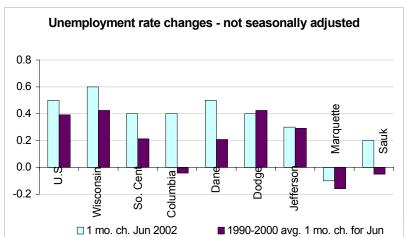
Labor force estimates - not seasonally adjusted										
June 2002 Estimates	Wisconsin	South Central WI	Madison MSA	Columbia County	Dodge County	Jefferson County	Marquette County	Sauk County		
June 2002										
Civilian Labor Force*	3,111,200	456,800	283,000	29,800	49,700	45,500	7,800	41,000		
Employed	2,952,500	441,400	275,400	28,300	47,200	43,600	7,300	39,600		
Unemployed	158,800	15,400	7,600	1,510	2,500	1,930	490	1,390		
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.1	3.4	2.7	5.1	5.1	4.2	6.3	3.4		
Change From May 2002										
Civilian Labor Force*	72,000	13,300	5,500	1,170	1,520	1,610	270	3,300		
Employed	51,200	11,100	4,100	1,010	1,240	1,380	260	3,100		
Unemployed	20,800	2,200	1,330	160	290	230	10	200		
Unemployment Rate (%)	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	-0.1	0.2		
		Ch	ange From	June 2001						
Civilian Labor Force*	58,500	9,400	6,500	560	-420	1,250	120	1,350		
Employed	46,400	7,500	4,600	420	140	1,040	110	1,190		
Unemployed	12,100	1,860	1,900	150	-570	200	20	160		
Unemployment Rate (%)	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.4	-1.1	0.3	0.1	0.3		

Includes people residing in area. Estimates are NOT seasonally adjusted. Current month estimates are preliminary. Numbers 2,000 and greater are rounded to nearest 100. Numbers under 2,000 are rounded to nearest 10. Sub-units may not add to totals due to rounding. Calculations are based on unrounded numbers, results are rounded

Recently, accounting scandals and record federal budget deficits have pushed down the U.S. dollar. U.S.

manufacturers have complained for years dollar's that the strength made their goods expensive in foreign markets and made competitors' foreign goods cheap domestically. Manufacturing employment estimates have not yet risen enough to suggest the beginning of an exportled manufacturing re-

covery.



In the services sector, Dane County has seen monthto-month changes a bit more extreme than usual, but followed the general trend. Sauk County's services employment has stayed closer to its typical trend, where June is its biggest gain and September is its biggest loss,

roughly coinciding with students' vacations, agricultural cycles and peak tourism months.

June retail trade figures stuck to typical trends in most of the South Central region and spiked in Jefferson County. This record increase compensates for low increases in April and May. Shoppers waited out

the cool spring and hit stores when summer began in earnest. Plummeting stock prices have not yet dented day-to-day consumption.

Payroll employment estimates - not seasonally adjusted											
June 2002 Estimates	Wisconsin	South	Madison	Columbia	Dodge	Jefferson	Marquette	Sauk			
		Central WI	MSA	County	County	County	County	County			
			June	2002							
Total jobs, all industries**	2,868,000	441,700	298,600	22,900	36,100	39,000	3,900	41,300			
Construction & Mining	135,900	20,800	13,200	1,150	2,400	1,260	340	2,400			
Manufacturing	570,300	68,400	30,200	5,900	12,200	11,600	1,180	7,400			
Transport & Public Util.	132,500	15,200	10,500	680	1,350	1,500	80	1,100			
Wholesale Trade	139,300	17,400	12,200	780	1,110	1,370	110	1,860			
Retail Trade	511,100	77,300	50,200	4,700	5,100	7,900	720	8,700			
Finance, Ins. Real Estate	153,700	27,500	24,100	430	820	850	120	1,190			
Services	802,100	119,800	83,100	5,400	7,600	10,100	680	13,000			
Government	423,000	95,300	75,100	4,000	5,500	4,400	670	5,600			
		Ch	ange From	May 2002							
Total jobs, all industries**	25,800	8,900	3,000	890	810	1,080	-20	3,200			
Construction & Mining	6,700	1,230	750	70	120	70	30	190			
Manufacturing	6,300	1,310	580	190	320	70	-10	170			
Transport & Public Util.	-260	-20	-70	10	10	0	0	30			
Wholesale Trade	1,230	150	60	20	0	30	0	50			
Retail Trade	5,100	1,720	320	250	-10	490	20	650			
Finance, Ins. Real Estate	1,510	420	350	10	20	10	0	30			
Services	10,100	4,100	1,480	330	240	180	30	1,860			
Government	-4,900	10	-440	20	120	220	-90	170			
		Ch	ange From	June 2001							
Total jobs, all industries**	-17,000	7,800	7,000	690	-980	-250	-180	1,580			
Construction & Mining	-2,000	-1,690	-1,580	20	40	-70	-30	-70			
Manufacturing	-55,800	-4,000	-1,650	330	-1,560	-1,330	0	220			
Transport & Public Util.	-950	320	570	-120	50	-190	-10	10			
Wholesale Trade	-1,690	-780	-700	-40	-40	-70	10	60			
Retail Trade	7,400	2,300	1,590	-130	70	280	-50	510			
Finance, Ins. Real Estate	4,100	2,100	1,950	-20	0	60	10	70			
Services	22,100	8,100	5,900	540	170	850	40	640			
Government	9,800	1,540	930	120	290	230	-150	130			

**Includes employment with employers located in area. Estimates are NOT seasonally adjusted. Current month estimates are preliminary. Numbers 2,000 and greater are rounded to nearest 100. **Includes employment with employers located in area. Estimates are NOT seasonally adjusted. Current month estimates are preliminary. Numbers 2,000 and greater are rounded to nearest 100.

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